84 VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS OCTOBER 1778,

Mr. Chase brings in and delivers to Mr. Speaker the following message:

By the HOUSE of DELEGATES, December 15, 1778.

May it please your honours,

The include tene by this house, respecting the augmentation of the diarnal allowance of the niembers of the general assembly, we effect decent, respectful, and pertinent to the subject, and our folicitude that all controverses about any point of difference between the two houses Thould be could ucted in a manner becoming the dignity of the legislature, induced us to couch bur mellige in terms unexceptionable, and free from the impuration of petulance and fourtility; If your honours had been equally solicitous with us to preserve the dignity of the two houses, and to avoid unbecoming sarcaims and irritating sneers, the session would not have been prolonged Beyond that period in which the public business might have been transacted. Your honours say, you cannot conceive that the rejection of the resolve for allowing the members forty shillings per day, will be attended with the confequences fuggefted in our mellage. Do your honours think it just and right that the members should be allowed an equivalent for their reasonable expences? Do your honours think a gentleman can live in the city of Annapolis for less than the proposed sum? Did not your honours herecolore encrease the allowance, because you thought it insufficient for defraying the actual expences of the members? Why then reject a refolve founded on a similar principle? We were apprized of that part of the constitution which disqualifies persons not pollelled of five hundled pounds worth of property from exercifing the power of legislation, and our unwillingnels to add to the disqualifications, directly or indirectly, prompted us to propose such an encrease of the allowance, as would enable the members to attend to, and transact the public bulines, withferving the people in future as legislators. Suppose a member of this or any future assembly possessed of five minured pounds worth of property, is it right, or would it be defired by the people, that he should reduce his estate to sour hundred by serving the public! We are well convinced that none but those persons who are for restricting the important power of legislation to themselves, and men like themselves, would desire he should. Your honours have rejected a resolve so reasonable at this cline, the supposition is fair that you will not give your affent to a similar one in future. is the fincere with of this house, that there may be always a sufficient number of upright, capable, and independent persons, in both houses, to renst the encroachments of wealth, arrogance, and overweening price. Your honours stem to be very apprehensive, that our constituents will exserve our constituents. affording a colourable pretext for encreasing our own; we fear no fuch infinuations from our constirments, they entertein a better opinion of those persons in whom they have reposed the greatest confidence, than to infinuate they were actuated by such a base motive in disposing of the public money. This tentiment can exist no where but in the breafts of those who are capable of sug-The privileges and exemptions of the feveral members will not enable them to live in Annapolis for twenty-five shillings per day, and cannot, by rational thinking men, be deemed adequate to the fums of money necessarily disbursed by them, over and beyond the present allowance. We do not alk for any affistance for any indigent individual; we proposed a resolve that we think right, and for the interest of the people. We esteem it incompatible with the general fasety, that men of exalted abilities and superior virtue, qualified by the constitution to act in a legislative capacity, should be removed from the confidence of the people, because your honours are averse to make a proper and reasonable allowance.

Which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

On reading a second time the said message, the question was put, That the words "may it please your honours," be struck out, and the word "gentlemen;" be inserted in stead thereof to Carried in the negative.

Sewell, E. Thomas, E. Wilmer, Worthington, Hall,	Harrison, Dent, Digges, Jackson, Daye,	N E G Stevenson, Hammond, Venzey, Ward,	Joh, Evans, Brice, Goldsborough,	Brown, Bordley, Majon, Stainton,	Sprigg, Hughes, Crabb, Burgess.
e Mackall, E.H. Ridgely, Maddux,	Polk, Strawbridge, Bowie,	F F I R Magruder, Quyan, Gibson,	M A T I V Bruff, Bond, Norris,	E. Keene, Potter,	Chafe. Bayly:

On reading the faid mellage throughout, the question was put, That the house agree thereto?

AFFIRM A-